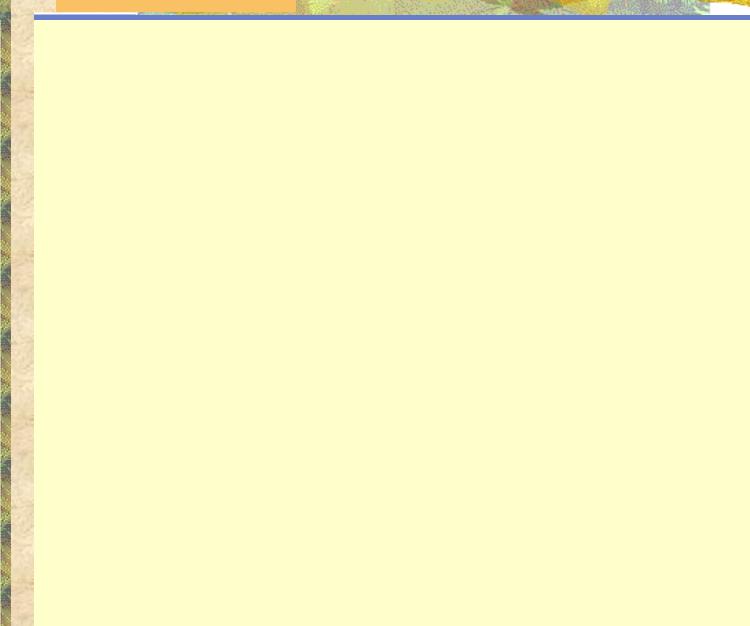
Reduction of CO₂ Emission in Yoshida Campus by Using Environmental-Friendly Energy Sources and Saving Energy

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Introduction and Strategy of our work



Energy supply side

Applicable energy sources into Yoshida campus with less CO₂ emission

Solar Photovoltaic Cell

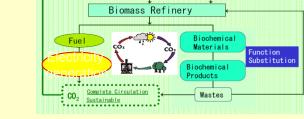
Fuel Cell

Biomass Plant





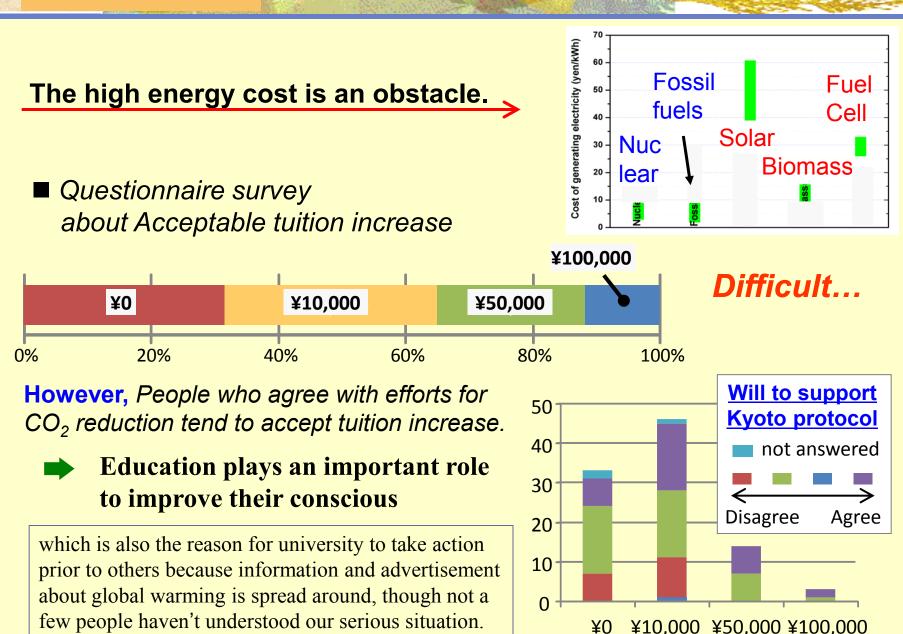




Advantages	Use of solar energy	Use of thermal energy generated with electricity	Carbon neutral
Assumption	All roof area	Several for each buildings	15% of electricity

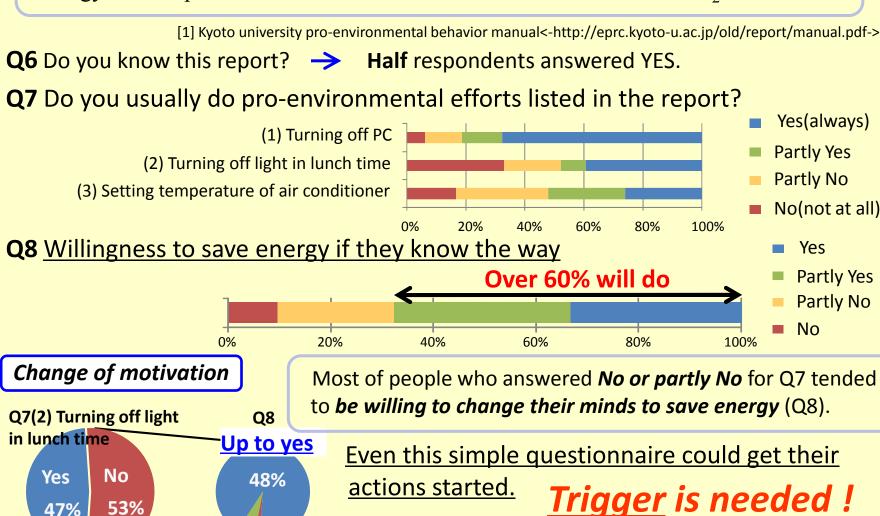
Up to 40% amount of CO_2 emission in 2008 is possibly reduced !

Energy supply side



Energy consumption side

Kyoto University's report ^[1] says that <u>pro-environmental efforts can save 8%</u> of energy consumption which will also contribute to the reduction of CO_2 emission.



not changed 3%

Down 1%

Policy, Information, Education etc...

Conclusion

- Under our assumption, up to 40% amount of CO_2 emission in 2008 is possibly reduced by introduction of solar cells, fuel cells and a biomass plant into Yoshida Campus, while most people think that nuclear, geothermal and wind are not applicable for the campus.
- Tuition fee increase is not the best-applied motivation policy for CO₂ reduction in Yoshida Campus. It's still necessary to find another acceptable approach based on the Kyoto protocol.
- Our conscious about turning off unnecessary appliances is expected to be enhanced if we pay more attention on the promotion of Kyoto University in the future.

New energy sources are expected to be introduced.

- To provide sense of crisis for global warming
- To share the responsibility upon it.
- **Private "Carbon (corporation) tax" system:**

A part of electricity costs increased should be charged on laboratories or working units depending on their amount of power used.

Attention-getting introduction (advanced and large-scale system): Big impact means students in the university could be proud of it, which would be a motivation to try their individual action for saving energy.